## $S N \oplus W L E \oplus P A R D$

( Panthera uncia syn. Uncia uncia)


Medium sized cats with tails that can be as long as their bodies! They have thick, smoky-gray fur patterned with dark gray open rosettes. In the mountains they blend perfectly with the rocky slopes, making them practically invisible.

## WEIGHT:

60-120
POUNDS
BODY LENGTH:
39-51
INCHES

## POPULATIOח

Researchers estimate that there are between

### 3.500-7,000

 SNOW LEOPARDS LEFT IN THE WILDNo one has an exact count because snow leopards are so elusive and inhabit such harsh and remote habitat that they are rarely seen.

NuMBER OF SNOW LEOPARDS IITzoos AROUND THE WORLD: 600

## ADAPTATIOMS

(4)

## FOR LIFE ON THE MOUNTAIN

- LONG HIND-LIMBS FOR LEAPING LONG FLEXIBLE TAIL FOR BALANCING
WELL-DEVELOPED CHEST
- SHORT FORELIMBS WITH LARGE PAWS FOR WALKING ON SNOW


## FOR LIFE IN THE COLD

THICK FURRY TAIL FOR WRAPPING AROUND BODY AND FACE ENLARGED NASAL CAVITY LONG FUR WITH WOOLY UNDERGROWTH

Snow leopards are usually solitary, except when females are raising cubs. Mating occurs in late winter and 1 to 5 (usually 2 or 3) cubs are born 90-100 days later. The cubs remain with their mother until they become independentnormally after about 18-22 months.

These cats are most active at dawn and dusk. They may stay in an area for several days and then abruptly move many miles.

## RARGE

Snow leopards live throughout the mountains of Central Asia in Afghanistan, Bhutan, China, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Mongolia, Nepal, Pakistan, Russia, Tajikistan, and Uzbekistan.

Snow leopard range covers 2 million square kilometers, about the size of Greenland or Mexico, but is spread across the twelve countries. China contains as much as $60 \%$ of snow leopard habitat. The cats have already disappeard from some areas where they foremerly lived, such as parts of Mongolia.


Snow Leopards are predators, which means they eat other animals. The diet varies across snow leopard range.

## B-



ARGALI SHEEP
(Ovis ammon)

IBEX
(Capra siberica)

In the Himalayas they eat mostly blue sheep, which are also known as bharal. In the Karakorum (Pakistan), Tian Shan (China, Kyrgyzstan and Kazakhstan) and Altai (Russia and Mongolia) Mountains, their main prey is ibex, a wild goat and wild argali sheep.

Across their range Snow leopards also take small prey including marmots and hares, and they hunt larger birds like snow cock and chukor. Snow leopards are opportunistic hunters, and they attack livestock that are in their range.

## EXTIחCTIOC IS FOREVER

There are many ways you can help save these amazing cats. One of the best ways is just by raising awareness about the plight of the snow leopards.

You can also get involved by
becoming a member of the Snow Leopard Trust, donating money towards conservation work, or volunteering your time. To find out more, please visit us at:
www.snowleopard.org

Snow
Leopard Trust

